

Max Marks: 40 Date: 00.00.2022

Time:2 HRS Seat No.

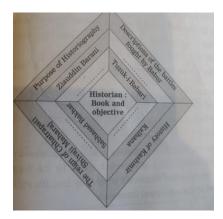
# (SSC) HISTORY: SAMPLE PAPER 1(Sol)

| •    | <b>A. Choose the correct alternative</b> The in the Satara District of the Western C                 | Shats in included in the list of World Natura | (3) |  |
|------|--|---|-----|--|
| 1.   | Heritage.  |   |     |  |
|      | E  | o) Melghat                                    |     |  |
|      |  | d) Kas Plateau                                |     |  |
| 2.   | The National Sports Day of India is celebrated on 29 <sup>th</sup> August which is the birth date of |   |     |  |
|      | a) Khashaba Jadhav   | b) Sachin Tendulkar                           |     |  |
|      | c) Major Dhyan Chand   | d) Bal J. Pandit                              |     |  |
| 3.   | at Kolkata is the first museum in India.   |   |     |  |
|      | a) Government Museum   | o) National Museum                            |     |  |
|      | c) Chhatrapati shivaji maharaj vastusangrahalay  | d) Indian Museum                              |     |  |
| Q.1  | B. Identify the Wrong pair   |   | (3) |  |
|      | 1) Applied History   | - Public History                              |     |  |
|      | Fauna and Flora  | - Natural Heritage                            |     |  |
|      | Ancient sites  | - Intangible Cultural Heritage                |     |  |
|      | UNESCO   | - The list of World Natural Heritage          |     |  |
|      | 2) Hockey  | - Outdoor History                             |     |  |
|      | Skiing   | - Adventurous game                            |     |  |
|      | Chaukabara   | - Olympic game                                |     |  |
|      | Marbles-   | - Indian game                                 |     |  |
|      | 3) Visit to Ancient Heritage Site  | - Historical Tourism                          |     |  |
|      | Visit to film festivals, Seminars and Conference   | e - Tourism based on special event            |     |  |
|      | Visit to Hill station  | - International Tourism                       |     |  |
|      | Travelling to watch sports Events  | -Sports Tourism                               |     |  |
| Ans. |  |   |     |  |

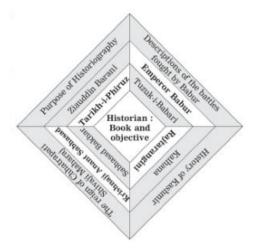
- 1. Ancint Sities Intangible Cultural Heritage
- 2. Chaukabara Olympic game
- 3. Visit to Hill station International Tourism

# **(4)**

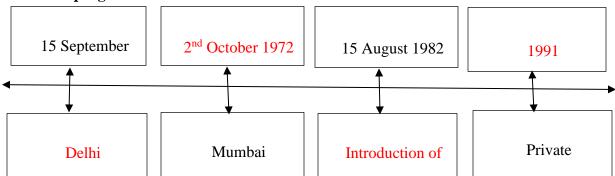
# 1. Complete the concept map:



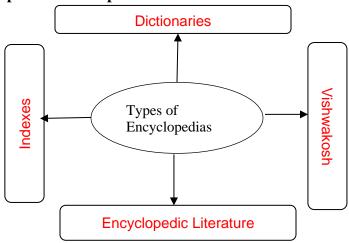
## Ans.



# 2. Show the progress of Indian television on time –line



# 3. Complete the concept chart



## **B.** Write shorts notes (Any two)

## 1. Archives

- Ans. 1. An archive is a place where documents with important content in their original conditions are preserved in a scientific manner.
  - 2. Artefacts and documents which are not exhibited in museums or libraries but have historical importance are kept in archives.
  - 3.Archives provide documents to the government, research students and local public when required. Technically, the management of archives is akin to library management
  - 4. The documents in the archives are preserved in their original condition and hence no changes can be made to it. Documents from archives are very reliable.

#### 2. Toys and Festivals

Ans. 1. Toys and festivals are inter-related since ancient times.

- 2. Toys are used for decoration in different cultures and religions during festivals. In some cultures toys are distributed as gifts. Santa Claus gifts children toys during Christmas.
- 3. As part of Diwali celebration in Maharashtra, model forts are made displaying images of Chhatrapati Shivaji Maharaj, his soldiers and animals which are toys.
- 4. Clay images of snakes and bullocks are sold during festivals like Nagpanchami and Bail pola.

## **3.** The Role of Newspaper in the Indian struggle for Independence

Ans. Newspapers played an important role in the Indian independence struggle. It is as follows:

- 1. Newspapers served as an important medium to create awareness during those times.
- 2. They described greatness of Indian culture and history to gather support of masses for the freedom movement.
- 3. They supported social, political and religious movements and opposed imperialism.

#### Q.3 Explain the following statements giving reasons: (Any two)

**(4)** 

- **1.** Bakhar is an important type of historical document.
- Ans. (1) Bakhar is an important source of history like coinsinscriptions, texts, copper plates and travelogues.
  - (2) Bakhars contain eulogies of the heroes, historic events. stories of lives of great men and description of battles It portrays a picture of prevalent society, religions and economic life.
  - (3) Bakhars are of various types which contain biographies of kings, dynastic history. description of events, sects. autobiographies, mythologies, administration of kings, etc.
  - (4) These descriptions are helpful for writing historiography. Among well-known Marathi. Bakhars 'Sabhasad Bakhar written by Krishnaji Anant Sabhasad requires a special mention Bhausahebanchi Bakhar and Panipatachi Bakhar describe the 'Battle of Panipat. Hence, Bakhars are important type of historical document.

#### **2.** Television and history are closely related .

Ans. (1) Television plays a major role in developing interest in history. While producing shows and serials based on history and mythology, it is essential to have an accurate knowledge of history and know the minute details.

**(4)** 

- (2) Bharat Ek Khoj, Raja Shivchhatrapati, Ramayana, Mahabharata are among the few popular serials based on history and mythology. While producing these serials, it was essential to know the prevalent social conditions, outfits, lifestyle... weaponry, lingual expressions of the people. Historians who had knowledge on these subjects are required.
- (3) While making programmes based on sportsmen, literature. war, historical events, forts and animal life, it is important, to give history of their development in that particular period.
- (4) While conducting discussions on television on topics like social problems, education, economics, health, it is important to give references from the past. This shows that the knowledge of history is required in the making many of programmes on Television. Hence, Television and history are closely related.
- **3.** Sports have great importance in the field of education.
- Ans. (1) Sports are an integral part of education. The making of a player begins at school level..
  - (2) Many types of sports events are held at the international level. To make the players competent they are given opportunity to play at district, state and national level.
  - (3) They are promoted and sponsored by the government and private sectors. Talented and ranking players get State. scholarship or National scholarship.
  - (4) Seats are reserved for them in colleges and Universities. It has been observed that the foundation of successful players is laid in school life.
  - **4.** Improved versions of Encyclopaedia or supplements to original editions needs to be published.
- Ans. (1) Encyclopaedia is a systematic compilation of information or knowledge on various topics ranging from people, places and events to concepts, word meanings, etc.
  - (2) With the advent of new technology new words are added. Latest or updated vocabulary, knowledge, information. concepts enrich the language...
  - (3) The references of the past events change in context of the new research. If all these changes are not incorporated in the encyclopaedias, they will become outdated. Therefore, updated encyclopaedia or supplements to original editions need to be published.

## Q.4 Read the following extract and answer the questions given below:

Recently, some movies on sports and biography of players have been released in various languages. For instance, the films Mary Kom and Dangal Mary Kom is the first Indian female boxer to participate in the Olympics and to win a bronze medal. Dangal is based on the life story of Poghat sisters who were the first Indian female wrestlers to win gold medals at various aternational competitions.

The process of making a movie requires deep study of the particular period of the movie's story, language, dressing style, social life, etc. of that period. Students of history are well trained to do research of this kind. Knowledge of history of sports is also essential for writing articles in various publications like encyclopaedia, newspapers, sports magazines, etc.

### **Questions:**

1. Name the first Indian female boxer female boxer to participate in the Olympics? (1)

Ans. Mary Kom is the first Indian female boxer to participate in the Olympics

2. Which movie is based on the life story of Poghat sisters? (1)

Ans. The movie Dangal is based on the life story of Phogat sisters.

3. How does knowledge of history helps in the process of making a movie? (2)

Ans. i. The process of making a movie requires deep study of the particular period which is shown in the movie. ii. The story of the movie will appear authentic if the language in use, dressing style and social life in practice in that period is correctly shown.

iii. To achieve this effect, it is essential to carry out research to know the history of that period.

iv. Students of history are well-trained to carry out research of such kind. Thus, we see that knowledge of history helps in process of making a movie.

# Q.5 Write detailed answers to the following questions : (Any Two) (6)

- **1.** What is Feminist Historiography?
- Ans. (1) Feminist historiography means writing history with women perspective. There was a lot of dominance of male perspective on historical writing.
  - (2) Simone de Beauvoir, a French scholar, insisted on rethinking on the male dominated perspective and including the women's perspective in historiography. The idea of feminist historiography was accepted.
  - (3) Because of her efforts, various aspects of women's lives like their employment, their role in trade unions and their family life became part of historiography.
  - 2. Why Bharat Ek Khoj was admired in all parts of India?
- Ans. (1) The serial 'Bharat Ek Khoj' is based on Pandit Nehru's book 'Discovery of India'. It presented in the form of narration (by actor Roshan Seth) different aspects of Indian history. It effectively portrayed the age of Harappan civilisation.. vedic history, interpreted the epics, invasions, religious and reform movements. The serial reached its finale with the portrayal of India's independence movement..
  - (2) Stories about India's past and present were explained through dramatisation using folklore and informative speeches. Pandit Nehru's perspective of looking at history, and equally comprehensive visual presentation are special features of this serial.
  - (3) The serial was admired in all parts of India because of the detailed research on social, cultural and political history of India.
  - **3.** Explain the purpose of Tourism .

Ans. Tourism has several purposes and inspiration behind it. They are as follows:

- (1) To see historical monuments, forts and cities discovered during excavations. To visit centres promoting ancient art and craft, museums.
- (2) To visit different pilgrim centres, sea beaches, mountain ranges, valleys, snow-capped peaks, pristine jungles.
- (3) To visit special plateaus like Kas plateau, museums, lakes formed because of meteoric impact and valleys of flowers. places of natural beauty gives us enjoyment and experiences which connects us to nature. To visit different industrial sites

- (4) To see medicinal plants and avail of ayurvedic therapies. To visit places to see agricultural projects, visit to see agricultural research centres and making of compost pits.
- (5) To travel to watch sports events which comes under sports tourism. To be part of dance-music festival or watch as audience, which is cultural tourism.
- (6) People also visit places to attend film festivals, witness the making of movies, science seminars, international conferences, book exhibitions and literary events.. In short, the purpose of tourism differs from person to person. It is explored as per individual interest.
- **4.** Observe the given picture and write information on it.



- (1) This picture is of the largest Indian rock-cut ancient Hindu temple located in the Ellora cave in Ans. Maharashtra.
  - (2) This famous rock-cut Shiva temple was constructed during the reign of Rashtrakuta King Krishna I..
  - (3) It is regarded as a marvel of architecture.
  - (4) It bears an eloquent testimony to the high level skill attained by India in the arts of sculpture and architecture under the Rashtrakuta patronage...
  - (5) A sculpture of an elephant and a pillar can be seen in the picture.
  - (6) It was declared as a world heritage site by UNESCO in 1983

| <b>Q.6</b>                              | Cor   | mplete the sentences by choosi   | ing the correct options       | <b>(2)</b> |  |
|---|---|--|-------------------------------|------------|--|
| 1                                       | . Th  | The Indian government has been working in accordance with principle of the |                               |            |  |
|   | a.  | Parliament   | b. President                  |            |  |
|   | c.  | Constitution   | d. Party                      |            |  |
| 2                                       | . In  | 1986,Act came in   | ato force .                   |            |  |
|   | a.  | Consumer Protection  | b. Women Empowerment          |            |  |
|   | c.  | Child Marriage   | d. Environment protection     |            |  |
| Q.7                                     | Ex  | plain whether the following st   | tatements are true or false . |            |  |
| Give reasons for your answer: (any two) |   |  |                               |            |  |
| 1                                       | 1. Indian democracy is considered the largest democracy in the world. |  |                               |            |  |
| Ans                                     | The   | statement is True  | •                             |            |  |

The statement is True.

Reasons:

- (1) Indian Constitution cancelled all the conditions which were put for voting before independence thereby increasing the number of voters.
- (2) The Constitution adopted adult suffrage which has facilitated all adult men and women to cast their vote...

- (3) The age limit to vote was reduced to 18 years from 21 years which gave opportunity of political participation to the young generation. No other democratic country in the world has voters in such large numbers. Hence, Indian democracy is the largest democracy in the world.
- 2. Political parties act as a link between the government and the government and the people.

Ans. The statement is True.

Reasons:

- (1) The political parties convey the demands and complaints of the people to the government..
- (2) Information about various government policies and schemes are conveyed to the people by the political parties..
- (3) People's reaction to the policies and their expectations are conveyed to the government too by the political parties. In this way, political parties act as a link between the government and the people.
- **3.** The green revolution created a divide of rich and poor among farmers.

Ans. The statement is True.

Reasons:

- (1) After the Green Revolution, farmers movement became more active and effective
- (2) Though the aim of Green Revolution was to achieve increased agricultural production and self-sufficiency in foodgrains, it did not benefit the poor farmers.
- (3) Therefore, the farmers got divided into rich farmers and poor farmers

## Q.8 A. Explain The Following Concept: (Any One)

**(2)** 

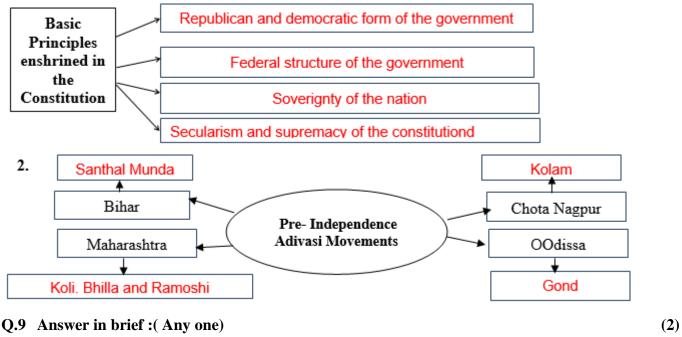
- **1.** Recognition To Political Parties.
- Ans. (1) India has a multi-party system with recognition accorded to national, state and regional level parties by the ElectionCommission.
  - (2) Their recognition depends on the voting percentage received. by them in the assembly elections and number of elected representatives of their party.
  - (3) If any party does not fulfill these criteria, its recognition is cancelled.
  - (4) The Election Commission allots appropriate symbols to parties and independent candidates. All political parties should have recognition of the Election Commission.

#### 2. Shiv Sena

Ans. (1) The Shiv Sena was founded in 1966.

- (2) The main objective of the party was to fight for the cause of Marathi-speaking people and preservation of Marathi language. They resisted the people from other regions.
- (3) In 1995, it became the ruling party with BJP in Maharashtra and its strategic tie-up with BJP helped it to enter national politics.
- (4) It was in power at the centre with BJP from 1998 to 2004. Again it has shared power with the BJP at the centre and state in 2014.

1.



1. What is Code of conduct?

Ans. (1) After the announcement of elections till the declaration of results, the Election Commission enforces the Code of Conduct. It explains the rules to be followed by the government, political parties, candidates and voters before and during elections.

- (2) Code of conduct is adopted to control malpractices during elections. It ensure free and fair elections.
- 2. All movements have ideologies.

Ans. (1) Even though movements are launched for social welfare there is always an ideology behind every movement. The scope of movements against child marriage or dowry prohibition is not limited to oppose the social evil practice but have wider aim of social reformation..

- (2) The movements started against female foeticide 'Beti Bachao Beti Padhav, violence against women and to empower women had objectives to achieve equal social status for women and their protection.
- (3) Movements like cleanliness campaign, Chipko Andolan, SaveTrees aim not only at environment protection but also aim at saving humanity.
- (4) These movements have faith in democratic values like equality and brotherhood and humanity. This shows all movements have ideologies.